

Safety Data Sheet

EG-90 WHITE LITHIUM GREASE

SECTION 1: Identification

Trade Name: EG-90 White Lithium Grease

Date Prepared: 01/09/2019

Product Identification: 3150

Synonyms: Blend of Petroleum Distillates

Product Use Description: Lubricant

Manufactured By:

Atco International
1401 Barclay Circle, SE
Marietta, GA 30060

Phone: 770-424-7550

24 HR Emergency Number: (800) 255-255-3924

Classifications

Aspiration Hazard - Category 1

Skin Irritation - Category 2

Eye Irritation - Category 2

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure) - Category

3 Flammable Aerosols - Category 1 Gasses under pressure -
Liquefied gas



Flammable

Compressed Gas

Irritant

Health Hazard

Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statements

Keep out of reach of children.

Read label and SDS before use.

Extremely flammable aerosol.

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Causes skin irritation

Causes serious eye irritation

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Avoid breathing mist/spray.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. - -No smoking.

Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Safety Data Sheet

EG-90 WHITE LITHIUM GREASE

Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Wear protective gloves.

Wear eye protection.

Response

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a poison center or a doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

If skin irritation occurs get medical attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Call a poison center or a doctor if you feel unwell.

Storage

Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

Store in a well-ventilated place.

Store locked up.

Disposal

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, and national regulations.

Hazards Not Otherwise Specified

Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition

Chemical Name	CAS #	Concentration % by Weight
Butane	106-97-8	5 - 10
Acetone	67-64-1	5 - 10
Propane	74-98-6	20 - 25
Heptane	142-82-5	10 - 20

SECTION 4: First Aid Measures

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

DANGER. Extremely flammable. Contents under pressure. Harmful or fatal if swallowed. Aspiration hazard if swallowed.

Vapor harmful. Keep away from heat and flame. Can cause nervous system depression.

EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs get medical attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

INHALATION: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or a doctor if you feel unwell.

INGESTION: Harmful or fatal if swallowed. Seek medical attention immediately. Aspiration hazard - this material can enter lungs during swallowing or vomiting and cause lung inflammation and damage.

SECTION 5: Firefighting Measures

Suitable fire extinguishing media:

Use water spray, fog or foam.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical:

Flammable aerosol. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Runoff to

Safety Data Sheet

EG-90 WHITE LITHIUM GREASE

sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products:

Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide

Specific fire-fighting methods:

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire fighters:

Fire fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in a positive pressure mode.

SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions:

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8)

Environmental precautions and clean-up methods:

Stop all leaks. Isolate hazard area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Eliminate all ignition sources. Disperse vapors with water spray. Prevent runoff from entering drains, sewers, streams or other bodies of water. Absorb spill with inert material. Absorb unrecoverable product. Transfer contaminated absorbent, soil and other materials to containers for disposal.

SECTION 7: Handling and Storage

Do not use or store near heat, sparks or open flame. Exposure to temperatures above 120 F may cause bursting. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Store in a cool, dry place. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling may be harmful or fatal. Keep out of reach of children.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Butane(106-97-8)

ACGIH TLV	1000 ppm
-----------	----------

Heptane(142-82-5)

OSHA PEL	50 ppm
----------	--------

ACGIH TLV	50 ppm
-----------	--------

Acetone(67-64-1)

OSHA PEL	750 ppm
----------	---------

ACGIH TLV	500 ppm
-----------	---------

Propane(74-98-6)

ACGIH TLV	1000 ppm
-----------	----------

Eye Protection: Wear safety glasses or goggles.

Skin Protection: To prevent repeated or prolonged contact, wear impervious gloves (made from rubber, nitrile or neoprene). **Respiratory Protection:** When respiratory protection is required use an organic vapor cartridge. A respiratory program that meets OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.34 & ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed. **Engineering Controls:** Good general ventilation required.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Safety Data Sheet

EG-90 WHITE LITHIUM GREASE

Property	Value	Property	Value
Appearance	CLEAR SPRAY/MIST	Auto Ignition Temp	NOT AVAILABLE
Boiling Point	NOT AVAILABLE	Color	COLORLESS
Decomposition Temperature	NOT AVAILABLE	Evaporation Rate	NOT AVAILABLE
Explosive Limit Ranges	NOT AVAILABLE	Explosive Properties	NOT AVAILABLE
Flash Point	< 0 F (liquid portion)	Melting/Freezing Point	NOT AVAILABLE
Odor	SOLVENT	Odor Threshold	NOT AVAILABLE
Other Information	VOC content (wt. %): < 50	Oxidizing Properties	NOT AVAILABLE
Partition Coeff	NOT AVAILABLE	Physical State	LIQUID
Relative Density	0.8	Solubility (Water)	INSOLUBLE
Vapor Density	NOT AVAILABLE	Vapor Pressure	NOT AVAILABLE
Viscosity	NOT AVAILABLE	pH	NOT APPLICABLE

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Chemical Stability

Stable under normal conditions.

Incompatible Materials

Acids and strong oxidizers

Conditions to Avoid

High temperatures, open flames, sparks, welding.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

CO, CO₂

Vapors may ignite at temperatures exceeding flash point.

SECTION 11: Toxicological Information

Primary Route of Entry: Skin contact, inhalation

Acute/Potential Health Effects:

EYES: May cause serious eye irritation. Symptoms include stinging, tearing and redness.

SKIN: May cause skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry the skin. Symptoms may include redness, burning, drying of skin and skin burns.

INHALATION: High vapor/aerosol concentrations (>1000 ppm) are irritating to the eyes and respiratory tract. May cause headaches, dizziness, anesthesia, drowsiness, unconsciousness, and other central nervous system effects, including death. May cause peripheral nervous system disorder and/or damage.

INGESTION: Harmful or fatal if swallowed. Aspiration hazard - this material can enter lungs during swallowing or vomiting and cause lung inflammation and damage.

Chronic / Long Term Effects: Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Signs and Symptoms of Overexposure: Signs and symptoms of overexposure to this material through breathing, swallowing, and/or passage of material through the skin may include: stomach or intestinal upset (nausea vomiting, diarrhea) irritation (nose, throat, airways), central nervous system depression (dizziness, drowsiness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache, unconsciousness). **Target Organ Effects:** Central nervous system.

Reproductive/Developmental Information: None known

Carcinogenic Information: This material is not listed as a carcinogen by IARC, NTP or OSHA.

Acute Toxicity Values:

Acetone: Dermal, guinea pig: LD50 = >9400 uL/kg; Draize test, rabbit, eye: 20 mg/242 Hr Moderate; Draize test, rabbit, skin: 500 mg/24 Hr Mild; Inhalation, mouse: LC50 = 44gm/m³/4H; Oral, mouse: LD50 = 3 g/kg.

Safety Data Sheet

EG-90 WHITE LITHIUM GREASE

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

Acetone: LC50 Fish: Rainbow trout -5540 mg/l, 96 hr; LC50 fish: Bluegill/sunfish -8300 mg/l, 95 hr.

SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations. See label for further instructions.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

Certain shipping modes or package sizes may have exceptions from the transport regulations. The classification provided may not reflect those exceptions and may not apply to all shipping modes or package sizes.

UN number 1950
Proper shipping name Aerosols, flammable
Class 2.1
Packing group -

SECTION 15: Regulatory Information

CERCLA RQ (40 CFR 302)

Acetone 5000 lbs

If identified components of this product are **CERCLA** hazardous substances and/or listed under **Sections 302, 304, or 313 of Title III** of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 (also known as EPCRA, the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act), or under **California Proposition 65** (Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act), they are listed above in Section 15 of this SDS.

If identified components of this product are listed under Section 313, this product contains toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313. This information must be included in all SDS that are copied and distributed for this material.

Title III Section 311/312 Hazardous Categories - 40 CFR 370.2:

ACUTE (X) Chronic (X) Fire (X) Pressure (X) Reactive () Not Applicable ()

T.S.C.A. Status: All chemical substances found in this product comply with the Toxic Substances Control Act inventory reporting requirements.

RCRA Status: Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the product user to determine at the time of disposal, whether a material containing the product or derived from the product should be classified as a hazardous waste. If this product becomes hazardous waste it would be assigned RCRA Code(s)

D001

SECTION 16: Other Information

HMIS Ratings :

HEALTH	2
FLAMMABILITY	4
REACTIVITY	0
PERSONAL PROTECTION	G

Safety Data Sheet

EG-90 WHITE LITHIUM GREASE

Disclaimer: This Manufacturer believes that the information contained in the Safety Data Sheet is accurate. The suggested procedures are based on experience as of the date of the publication. They are not necessarily all inclusive nor fully adequate in every circumstance. Also, the suggestions should not be confused with, nor followed in violation of applicable laws, regulations, rules or insurance requirements.

Preparation/Revision Date: 01/09/2019

Trade Name: EG-90 WHITE LITHIUM GREASE
SDS ID: 3150

Product ID: 3150
Revision #: 1

Page 6 of 6
Revision Date: 01/09/2019